

LONDON, August 24.—A prize fight for the championship has been arranged between Harry Allen and Joe Gosh. A portion of the stakes have already been deposited, and the last instalment will be paid on this week.

The Florence correspondent of the *Debat* writes that every one in Italy believes that a war between France and Prussia is now at hand. The *Opinione* (a very moderate organ) says that diplomatists alone have the hardihood to deny the hostility of these military powers.

the floating debt at the end of last month stood at the enormous sum of £17,000,000 sterling. Meantime the Treasury is paying enormous rates of interest, sometimes more than 12 per cent, on temporary loans raised in Paris and elsewhere, and the prospect of a collapse from total discredit is every day becoming more imminent.

are David Brand, Hugh McInnes, Bernard Riley, and James Bryson. The seventh boy, named Peter Currie, was kept on board the ship when his companions were alleged to have been put on the ice, and he has returned with the ship to Greenock. The feeling of indignation against Watt and Kerr in Greenock is most intense.

Impressive character, finishing his performances by actually feeding them raw meat out of his naked hands. The magnificent Public Procession, or Street Pageant, will take place about 10 o'clock on the morning of the Company's arrival in this town, and will prove to

name Mr. James O'Reilly, of Kingston, who has had the case in hand thus far, but that Mr. Sandford McDonald refuses to do so. In that event it is stated Sir John A. Macdonald will authorize Mr. O'Reilly to appeal on Dominion account.

Five cows were killed by lightning during a violent thunder-storm at West-Bloomfield. The cows were in a ravine, with a high hill thirty rods or so to the west of them, and not a tree of any kind within eighty rods of where they were. The cows all lay in a row facing one way about eight or ten feet apart.

After five years of imprisonment, the Indian Government have the prospect of a break with the Hillmen. 200,000 Hillmen are said to be in arms at Ketchikan in the Outback district of the Alaska Territory, and the neighboring tribes are in a state of disaffection. The cause and circumstances of the rising are unknown.

A cow was, with two vegetable stalks growing out of its head, was found by Dr. W. B. Dickey, in his garden, Peillville, Wis. The worm appeared lifeless when found, but to see what would come of it, and whether it would actually turn into a plant, Mr. D. placed it in a glass of water, and covered it with about two inches of earth. The other day the stalk was seen to make its appearance above the surface.

A GENTLEMAN, while fishing from a schooner near the Lighthouse at New London, Conn., caught a dogfish, which was in the mouth of a bellows fish. The latter, while being drawn in, had evidently seized the dogfish that he might have a companion on his unwilling journey. Both were hauled on deck, and the dogfish measured about two and one-half feet in length. The bellows fish weighs about fifty pounds, and is quite a curiosity.

A CONTRAST of drovers from Texas, while driving a number of cattle—seven or eight thousand—from Texas to Kansas, on a route passing west of Atchafalaya, were attacked by the Indians when about forty miles from that point, and one of the number out of forty escaped. All the rest, it is supposed, were killed. The cattle were stampeded and were driven off by the Indians.

MAY KILLED BY A STREET CAR.—On the 22nd inst., Patrick Grogan was killed by being run over by a street car, in Toronto. He was riding on the front platform, and the conductor coming to him for his fare, Grogan leaned his side against the dashboard so as to get out his money, and being intoxicated, fell over the side of the car, and was crushed to death, and causing death in a few hours.

THE Hamburg and Bremen mail steamers cause the spending of about £50,000 a year in England by touching there. They will muster during this year a fleet of twenty steamers, and before long they will establish not only a bi-weekly communication with New York, but a fortnightly communication with Baltimore and New Orleans. The steamers are built in England, but the crew are offered and manned exclusively by Germans. When the fleet is completed they will, it is expected, carry to the United States nearly 250,000 persons annually.

PROSECUTED BY THE LAW.—The Ottawa News says: A lady, one night last week, happened to open her window which fronts on the street, noticed five men in earnest conversation on the platform below. Her attention was attracted to them from the fact that they appeared to be strangers. One said: "I am afraid he'll be convicted." Another rejoined that in all probability he would be found guilty. "Then," said a third, raising his hand and speaking with emphasis, "if he is convicted he must be taken out of there, it is with fire and sword!" The men passed on and she heard no more.

FEARS IN NEW ZEALAND.—There have been trials for Fenianism in New Zealand. In March last the Irish in the Hokitika District got up a funeral procession in imitation of the absurd displays of the same kind elsewhere. The Government forbade the procession, but it took place notwithstanding, and there was some rioting. Five of the ringleaders were arrested, together with a man named Manning, and a priest named Father Larkin, who were connected with a seditious paper named the *Cell*. The whole of these prisoners have been brought to trial, and the last mail brings news of their conviction. Manning and Father Larkin were each sentenced to a month's imprisonment. The other five were simply fined 20s. each. The Judge, in inflicting this fine, spoke of it as a "ridiculously light" punishment.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Two men killed on the Grand Trunk Railway.—A melancholy accident occurred on the track of the Grand Trunk, nearly opposite the Queen's Wharf, on Saturday morning, about 7 o'clock, by which two men named Wm. Smith and James Richardson lost their lives. Smith, a middle aged man, was a night watchman in the employ of the Great Western Railway Company. Richardson, his brother-in-law, was a young man of about 25 years, and was acting in the capacity of section man for the Company. Smith was a married man, with three children. Richardson lived with him. It appeared about 7 o'clock they met on the Grand Trunk track, Smith leaving his work, and Richardson going to his, when they stopped to talk. Just then a locomotive of the Grand Trunk was backing westward towards them, with the whistle sounding and the bell ringing; but a train on the Northern Road passing at the same time probably attracted their notice and prevented them observing the locomotive. The latter came on and struck them, knocking them down on each side of the track, and passing over them killed both instantly. The bodies were torn and bruised in a horrible manner, the legs of both being cut almost entirely off—Richardson's body also being nearly divided into two parts, and his head being crushed in. An inquest was held by Dr. Buchanan, at the Canadian Hotel, in the afternoon, at three o'clock, when a verdict of accidental death was rendered, and the driver of the locomotive exonerated from blame.—*Globe*.

A MAN COMMITTED FOR MURDERING HIS OWN SON.—John Lemon, a farmer, of 5th Line, Caledon, was brought to Brampton gaol, on the 20th, charged with murdering his son, Joseph Lemon, who was announced a few days ago as meeting his death from falling off a log of peas. The facts are as follows:—Some time ago a daughter of the accused married a person from the States, who was worth considerable money, and by some influence of the daughter and her friends, considerable of the money was got from the young man's husband. When this was made known they induced her to leave her husband, who she did. The victimized husband then entered an action against her father, or threatened to do so. The old man, fearing that he was going to get into trouble by the transaction, made over his property to his family, 50 acres of which was added to the dead end. The matter with the son-in-law was in the meantime arranged. After that the old man wanted all his property back in his own name, which, after some hesitation they all gave it back except deceased, who would not give up his 50 acres. For not doing so the old man threatened to kill him, and if reports are true, this was actually done. It is stated that on that morning a load of peas was in the barn, and it was arranged that the old man, his son Joseph and a girl, was to assist to unload it, the girl on her way to the barn was met by old Mr. Lemon, who told her that she need not go yet that he was not ready for her, about an hour after that he went into the house and asked the girl if she had seen Joseph, and on replying that she had not, he told her to go to the barn and see if he was there. The girl went, and on entering the barn found Joseph lying dead near the top wheels of the wagon with his head badly cut. The supposition then was that he had fallen off the load and his head cut by the wheel, and shortly after was buried. On account of the former threat of the father, suspicions shortly after began to rise among the family, that he had met with foul play and they had his body exhumed and a Coroner's inquest held, which after hearing the evidence resulted in a verdict of Willful Murder against the father. The girl then told the young man's death, was found an axe and a hoe, with blood on them, and on a post that supports the mow were the marks of blood of three fingers, as if prisoner's hand, which were rested against it. The hoe and the part of the post with the blood on it, was brought to the Coroner. The girl then told the young man's death, was found an axe and a hoe, with blood on them, and on a post that supports the mow were the marks of blood of three fingers, as if prisoner's hand, which were rested against it. The hoe and the part of the post with the blood on it, was brought to the Coroner. The girl then told the young man's death, was found an axe and a hoe, with blood on them, and on a post that supports the mow were the marks of blood of three fingers, as if prisoner's hand, which were rested against it. The hoe and the part of the post with the blood on it, was brought to the Coroner.

A Cottage to Let, SITUATED on Gorman Street. Apply to Mr. Charles Gorman, or to Mr. Philip Cook, Ringwood P.O. Newmarket, April 7, 1868. 16-3p

A Buggy for Sale. A SECOND-HAND DOUBLE GRATED BUGGY, Cheap for Cash. At Souter & Trent, Newmarket, June 18, 1868. 20-1f

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The following persons condemned to death for complicity in the assassination of Prince Michael were shot on July 18th, outside the town on the banks of the Danube, in presence of a large multitude and a considerable military force.

SPRINGFIELD CHASE OF GEORGE.—Captain McGregor, of the W. R. O. Chase, reports that when about twelve miles off Goderich harbor, on the 10th, about 5 a.m., he saw a black looking craft, with two masts and a smoke stack, apparently in a helpless condition. He bore down towards her to see if she needed any help, when she got up steam and headed off a short distance. The Chase was then headed for the harbor, without being able to ascertain what boat it was, or what were her intentions.—*Ser.*

DIED. In Newmarket, on the 24th instant, Mary CARRAN, wife of Mr. David Mitchell, aged 35 years. The funeral service will be preached by the Rev. Mr. Brown, in the Presbyterian Church, on Sunday morning next, at 11 a.m.

NEWMARKET MARKETS.

August 25, 1868.

Flour per barrel	\$8 75 @ \$7 00
Fall Wheat per bushel	1 35 @ 1 40
Spring Wheat per bushel	1 25 @ 1 35
Oats per bushel	0 00 @ 0 50
Peas per bushel	0 00 @ 0 70
Barley per bushel	0 98 @ 1 01
Beef per 100 lbs.	8 00 @ 8 50
Lamb, each	3 00 @ 4 50
Lamb, each	1 75 @ 2 25
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	0 00 @ 0 00
Hides, per 100 lbs.	0 00 @ 5 50
Sheepskins, each	0 20 @ 0 30
Potatoes per bushel	0 00 @ 0 00
Butter per lb.	0 00 @ 0 20
Cheese per lb.	0 12 @ 0 14
Eggs per dozen	0 00 @ 0 12
Wool per lb.	0 00 @ 0 00

TORONTO MARKETS.

August 25, 1868.

Flour per barrel	\$8 00 @ \$8 50
Fall Wheat per bushel	1 40 @ 1 50
Spring Wheat per bushel	0 00 @ 0 50
Oats per bushel	0 00 @ 0 50
Barley per bushel	1 05 @ 1 08
Peas per bushel	0 00 @ 0 00
Butter per lb.	0 15 @ 0 20
Dressed Hogs per 100 lbs.	0 00 @ 0 00
Eggs per dozen	0 00 @ 0 00
Wool per lb.	0 00 @ 0 00

New Advertisements.

To School Teachers. WANTED, FOR the Common School at Newmarket, a Second Assistant Teacher. Applicants will state salary, and are required to hold a Second Class Certificate from the County Board of York, or the Normal School.

Applications, with testimonials, to be sent in, addressed to the Chairman of the Board, by the third day of September 1868. E. JACKSON, Chairman. Newmarket, August 25, 1868. 36-2

Volunteers, Attention! No. 5 COMPY, 12th YORK BATTALION.

THIS Company will parade for drill at the Armoury, every Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock, until further notice. By order. A. BOULTREE, Captain. Newmarket, August 25, 1868. 36-1f

Strayed. STRAYED, on the 17th instant, from Lot 19, 8th Concession Whitchurch, a BAY MARE, rising 3 years old. Had on her head when left a headstall. Any person giving information to the subscriber where she may be found, will be suitably rewarded. DANIEL PRIOR, Ballantyne, August 25, 1868. 36-1f

Cow Estray. CAME on the premises of the subscriber, Lot 2, 7th Con. Whitchurch, on the 8th instant, a COW. The owner is required to prove property, defray expenses, and remove at once. SAMUEL LEE, Newmarket, August 18, 1868. 35-3p

Dog Wanted. A GOOD PRICE will be paid for a Thoroughbred Newfoundland Dog. Apply at the COURIER OFFICE. Newmarket, August 18, 1868. 35-3

JUST PUBLISHED. ANALYTICAL AND PRACTICAL ENGLISH GRAMMAR. AUTHORIZED EDITION. PRICE - - - - - 50 CENTS. ADAM MILLER, Publisher, 62, King Street, Toronto. Toronto, August 5, 1868. 33-3

SOUTER & TRENT, MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.

BEG to inform the public that they have disposed of their Drug Stock to Dr. Hackett, who has removed the same to his New Store, fitted up purposely for him by Dr. Pearson, Surgeon Dentist. The Drug Store is exactly opposite Mrs. Bond's and the Davidson House.

SOUTER & TRENT Also would inform their friends and customers that they have made a large addition to their stock of

GROCERIES, TEAS, WINES AND SPIRITS, Which they are prepared to sell RETAIL, AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES! Newmarket, May 20, 1868. 22-1f

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LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT IN THE WORLD!

300 MEN AND HORSES. COMING OF THE MASTODON!

WILL EXHIBIT AT NEWMARKET, ON WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 2, 1868.

Also, in Uxbridge, on Tuesday, September 1st; Bradford, Thursday, September 3rd; Cookstown, Friday, September 4th.

THAYER & NOYES' GREAT CIRCUS. MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

JAMES L. THAYER, Manager; FRED. DE BOIR, Treasurer; C. W. NOYES, Equestrian Director; OLIVER P. MYERS, General Agent.

NOTICE! The management is enabled to present this season a style of SPECTACULAR SPLENDOR never before consummated by tact or liberality. A DISPLAY OF PAQUANTRY which, while developing the almost UNEXHAUSTIBLE RESOURCES of the "STANDARD SHOW," sustains the reputation so honestly acquired and proudly maintained by Messrs. Thayer & Noyes.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THE GRAND PROCESSION The Pets of Versailles, the Courty Meeting of Royalty and Power on the Field of the Cloth of Gold. King Henry the VIII. of England. Frances I. of France. PROCESSION OF KNIGHTS AND DAMES. Days of Tilt and Tourney.

THE CAR OF AURORA. The Harnesses, Accoutrements, and Decorations are in keeping with the tone of the establishment.

The stock of Horses, Ponies and Mules will be found unsurpassable for Blood, Training or Intelligence. No better collection of Quadrupeds can be found in any Institution in the World. This Rational Gratuity with its Prodigious Splendor will serve as an index to the real merits of the

MODEL SHOW OF 1868, Which cost the Management \$125,000.



AT A COST OF \$10,000. Representations of the People of all Nations, Europe, Asia, Africa and America.

THE GENIUS OF LIBERTY A Boiling Mass of Mass Magnificence. A line of Gorgeousness ONE MILE LONG. Flower subservient to Beauty. LION prostrate at a Woman's Feet. A Huge Monster taken from its Den, mounted upon a Pedestal, and carried in triumph through the streets.

REVIVAL OF A TASTE FOR THE BEAUTIFUL. The Period of Chivalry. A Modern Parade, replete with Ancient Grandeur. Meeting of the Monarchs. The White and Black Knights attired in Suits of Real Armour. Ladies of the Court in Royal Robes. The Oriental Frigate.

The Elephant "Lalla Rookh." Redeemed in Eastern Trappings, and bearing on his back the Infant Princess. The Wild Boar Den, thrown open to the Public. PROF. WHITE and his GROUP OF LIONS, the Finest and Largest Animals ever seen in any Menagerie.

THE CHARIOT OF THE MUSES. Containing Prof. Beaumais's Cornet Band. The Wagons, Cars, Cages and other Vehicles are all new, exquisitely made and furnished, and worthy of the skill of the American Artisans.

Prof. Chas. White, THE LION KING, WILL EXHIBIT HIS COLLECTION OF WILD BEASTS, And perform with the Denizens of the Jungle, giving a decidedly Marked Emotional Entertainment in the DEN WITH THE MONSTERS.

Mr. C. W. NOYES will exhibit one of his pet projects for the amusement of his little friends, a Real Performing Monkey, "HUNKI DOKI," capable of making everybody laugh at his cunning tricks and caprices.

Mr. JAMES L. THAYER will bring forward in his own peculiar way those Standard Quadrupedal Comedians, "them Mules" Uncle Sam and Dick.

The whole of the talent and the resources of the establishment will be most acceptably presented in the Magnificent Spectacle of the TOURNAMENT, which will show 200 Women, Men and Horses "at one time in the Ring" in a series of the most brilliant Animations. The Hunt in the Desert. The Caravan resting at the Oasis. The Arabs with their 12 Blooded Imported Horses trained to lie down and raise at command. A Sublime Picture, showing to advantage the docility of the Performing Elephant, LALLA ROOKH.

* The arrangements for comfort of patrons are complete. Eligible and roomy eating and sleeping places. Dry and well-ventilated seats and the Pavilion illuminated with Atmospheric Light, shedding rays of brilliancy throughout the entire space, equalling in all respects the gas used in Metropolitan places.

TWO PERFORMANCES, AFTERNOON AND NIGHT. Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock, p.m. Performances commence at 2 and 8 o'clock, p.m. Admission only 40 cents. Children under 10 years of age, 25 cents. August 24, 1868. 38-1d

MONEY TO LOAN! APPLY TO A. BOULTREE.

J. H. JOHNSON'S SASH, DOOR, Blind and Planing Factory! Is now in full operation. A CALL FROM BUILDERS SOLICITED. A Good assortment of MOULDINGS! Always on hand. N.B.—Custom Planing done at any time. SHOP—Corner Mill & Haglan-sts. NEWMARKET. January 23, 1867. 17-5

For Sale or to Rent, A FARM, near Newmarket, 150 Acres cleared. For further particulars apply at this office. March 24, 1868. 14-1f

WORTHEN & BAKER'S PATENT HAND LOOM! THIS Superior Loom weaves Tweed, Jeans, Sailcloth, Linsey, Blanket, Twill, Flannel, Balmoral Skirting, Flax and Tow Linen Bagging, Wool and Lay Carpeting, &c., &c. It is of the Warp, throws the Shuttle, feeds the Treadles, and winds up the Cloth, by simply turning an easy crank. Thirty yards per day can be woven, and even four yards in an hour can be wrought upon it. To make the changes from one kind of cloth to another requires but two minutes, and is so simple and easy that a child can make them after once showing.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Looms, Warps, Filling Yarns, REEDS, METAL SHUTTLES, BORINGS, SHUTTLES, &c., &c., COATCOOK, QUE., and PORT HORN, ONT. * For further particulars enquire at shop and address REDMOND SIMPSON, Agent, Newmarket, Ont. August 1, 1868. 32-3

JUST RECEIVED! A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF GERMAN WINDOW CORNICES! CURTAIN RINGS, KNOBS, &c. ALSO:—

Another Lot of Cutlery & Plated Goods, AND A FEW SETS OF THE GENUINE ROCHESTER COOPER TRUSS HOOPS! 1 Case Patent Reversible Locks. OILS, PAINTS, WOODWARE, &c.

OUR STOVES AND TINWARE! WITH THE ABOVE, STILL EXCELS IN QUALITY AND CHEAPNESS, ANY IN THE DOMINION. Be kind enough to call and ascertain prices before purchasing. BYKES & ELVIDGE. Newmarket, March 11, 1868. 12-4

Mr. James Blaxter, Dear Sir—I have tried your Vermifuge Candles several times and found them the best ever made to expel worms; besides they are so pleasant to the taste that the most delicate child will take them willingly. BEXONI BROS., Napier, N.B. * Mothers make one trial. For sale at Beatty's, Souter & Co's, and C. H. Simpson's, Newmarket, and all Druggists throughout the Dominion. March 17, 1868. 13-1

Mr. James Blaxter, Dear Sir—I have tried your Vermifuge Candles several times and found them the best ever made to expel worms; besides they are so pleasant to the taste that the most delicate child will take them willingly. BEXONI BROS., Napier, N.B. * Mothers make one trial. For sale at Beatty's, Souter & Co's, and C. H. Simpson's, Newmarket, and all Druggists throughout the Dominion. March 17, 1868. 13-1

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DIRECT IMPORTATIONS!

BURK & HARRISON, GLASGOW, MANCHESTER, AND OTHER MARKETS.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF STAPLE AND FANCY DRESS GOODS!

AS THESE GOODS WERE BOUGHT FOR CASH, And Imported Direct, we are prepared and will offer SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES!

To those buying from us. SIGN OF THE BIG T. As the sign of the Big T a NEW STOCK OF THE MOST FASHIONABLE HOOP SKIRTS. BURK & HARRISON. Newmarket, May 6, 1868. 20-1f

SOUTER & TRENT, MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET, GROCERS, TEA DEALERS, MANUFACTURERS OF GINGER WINE, ORANGE TONIC, SYRUPS, &c.

Try Souter & Trent's Tea. Try Souter & Trent's Coffee. Try Souter & Trent's Ginger Wine. Try Souter & Trent's Syrups. Try Souter & Trent's Groceries. A. SOUTER, W. TRENT. Newmarket, May 6, 1868. 20-1f

BRITISH WAREHOUSE! NEWMARKET AND SUTTON. NEW SPRING GOODS! WILL SHOW THE CONTENTS OF THIRTY-TWO PACKAGES OF STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS. LADIES' DRESS GOODS, CASHMERES, VELVETEENS, SILKS, REPPS, BROADCLOTHS, EMPRESS CLOTHS, VESTINGS, EXHIBITION CLOTHS, TWEEDS, DOESKINS, &c., &c., &c. ALSO:—

A LARGE STOCK OF CLOTHING, HEAVY STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES! MADE EXPRESSLY TO ORDER; TOGETHER WITH A FRESH STOCK OF FAMILY GROCERIES, &c., Which we will Sell Cheap for Cash.

SOME VERY CHEAP JOB LOTS IN STOCK. * Two reasons why Wm. & A. B. Orr can and will sell cheaper than houses giving long credits:—First, We buy for Cash in the best markets. Second, We sell for Cash, and need no large profits to cover losses. We now thank our friends and customers for the very liberal patronage shown us, and will strive doubly to merit it this season. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Wm. & A. B. ORR. Newmarket and Sutton, March 26, 1868. 1-1f

THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE! IN THE WORLD: DR. JODIN'S FRENCH COUGH LEVERS SHOULD be resorted to in all cases of Coughs, Hoarseness, Catarrh, Croup, Colds, Asthma, Shortness of Breath, and all disorders of the Throat and Lungs. They are recommended with confidence to Ministers, School teachers, public Speakers, Singers, Auctioneers, &c. The Levers have been thoroughly tested in practice, and without a doubt, are better than any similar medicine yet introduced to the public.

READ THE FOLLOWING: Halifax, N.S., Nov. 16, 1867. I have given Dr. Jodin's French Cough Levers a full trial, and have little hesitation in saying that for a relief from hoarseness and sore throat, I much prefer them to either Bryan's or Brown's. T. W. CASEY, Lecturer to the R.W.O.L. of I.O.O.F. Temple.

Napier, November 28, 1867. I have used Dr. Jodin's French Cough Levers with great satisfaction and can confidently say, after testing them for weeks in special services, that I think them better than any other. JAMES S. CLARKE, Whelan Minister. Toronto, February 28, 1868. I have used Dr. Jodin's French Cough Levers with great comfort before and after speaking. Some of my friends tried them also, and there is but one opinion, viz: they are invaluable to singers and public speakers. I consider your Levers the best remedy in the world for hoarseness and throat disorders. Please send me one box more. THOMAS MCCORMACK, Agent and Lecturer of the "Canadian Temperance Alliance."

* These Levers are prepared with the greatest care, as to cleanliness, being carefully free from gritty substances. BLAKELY'S VERMIFUGE CANDLES. They are justly celebrated for the expulsion of worms from children, and contain only vegetable ingredients. The most wonderful cures have been effected by them, and they excel all others at present known. My child, fifteen months old, passed 83 worms after taking your worm candles, all the large size from six to thirteen inches long. Mrs. Anna Watson, Napier, Ont.

Mr. James Blaxter, Dear Sir—I have tried your Vermifuge Candles several times and found them the best ever made to expel worms; besides they are so pleasant to the taste that the most delicate child will take them willingly. BEXONI BROS., Napier, N.B. * Mothers make one trial. For sale at Beatty's, Souter & Co's, and C. H. Simpson's, Newmarket, and all Druggists throughout the Dominion. March 17, 1868. 13-1

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Poetry.

The Old, Old Story.

Summer moonbeams, softly playing,
Light the wood of castles keep;
And there I see a maiden straying,
Where the darkest shadows creep.
She is laughing merrily, purely,
Tis the "old, old story" surely,
Running on like time and tide,
Maiden fair, oh! have a care;
Yours are many—truth is rare.

He is courtly, she is simple,
Lordly doleful speaks his lot;
She is wearing hood and wimple—
His the castle, hers the cot.
Sweeter far his voice than hers,
Than the night-bird's dulcet thrill;
She is smiling, he is beguiling,
Tis the "old, old story" still.
Maiden fair, oh! have a care;
Yours are many—truth is rare.

The autumn sun is quickly going,
Behind the woods of castle keep;
The air is chill, the night-wind blowing,
And there I see a maiden weep.
Her cheeks are white, her brow is aching,
The "old, old story" and her grief;
Of heart despair, and left high breaking,
In merriment and lonely grief.
Maiden fair, oh! have a care;
Yours are many—truth is rare.

Miscellaneous.

The Gutta-Percha Tree.

Sumatra, a large island in the Indian Ocean, has large forests of the gutta-percha tree (*Euphorbia guttata*). "Gutta" is the native name for gum, and "percha" is the Malay name of a forest tree. The virtues and uses of this tree have not long been known to us. Previous to 1844, its very name had not been heard in England. About that time an English physician was walking through a forest, when he saw a woodman at work. Observing that the handle of the axe was of quite an unknown substance to him, he inquired what it was made of, and was told that it was the juice of gum of a tree, which could be moulded into any shape by merely dipping it in hot water, after which, when cold again, it became quite hard. On examining the tree the physician found the gum lying in straight lines down the trunk, and that by cutting small holes in the trunk it freely flowed out, of a whitish colour. On hardening, it became darker in appearance. In the first instance, about two hundred weight were sent to England as an experiment; its utility was soon discovered, and now several hundred tons are imported every year. Gutta-percha is largely used for soles of shoes, piping, bottles, and other purposes where durability is required. It is also turned to account for finer and more ornamental work—some, indeed, of considerable beauty. But its highest use is the coating it forms to electric cables. Little did the worthy physician imagine that in a short time it would be well known throughout the land, and regarded as one of the most valuable substances possessed by man. Besides the juice, the tree yields a pleasant fruit, a valuable oil, and a drug for the chemist. Its flowers are used by the natives of the Indian peninsula as food, and its wood is good timber.

Flaw Hunters.

There are a people who have a better natural faculty for detecting evil, or the appearance of evil, in every man's character. They have a fatal scent for corruption. Their memory is like a museum at a medical college, and illustrates all hideous distortions, and monstrous growths and revolting diseases, by which humanity can be troubled and afflicted. They think they have a wonderful knowledge of human nature; but it is a blunder to mistake the Newgate Calendar for a biographical dictionary. A less offensive type of the same tendency leads some people to find apparent satisfaction in the discovery and proclamation of the defects in the habits of good men. Speak to them about a man whose good works everybody admires, and they regret that he is so rough in his manner or so smooth—that his temper is so hazy, or that he is so fond of applause. They seem to hold a brief, requiring them to prove the impossibility of human perfection. They detect the slightest alloy in the pure gold of human goodness. If they hear an organ, they find out at once which are the poorest spots. If they listen to a great speaker they remember nothing but some slip in the construction of a sentence, or the inconsistency of a metaphor. While their friends are admiring the wealth and beauty of a tree, whose branches are weighed down with fruit, they have discovered a solitary bough, lost in the golden affluence, on which nothing is hanging. Poor health was sorely troubled with them in his time. "Littleness," he said, "is their element, and they gave a character of meanness to whatever they touch. They creep, buzz, and blow."—Good Words.

What Railways do for Farmers.

The *American Agriculturist*, a journal of high standing, a warm friend of the farming interest, speaks of the advantage of railways as follows: To haul 40 bushels of corn 50 miles on a wagon, would cost at least \$12 for team, driver and expenses. A railroad would transport it for \$4 at most. Allowing an average of 40 bushels per acre, the crop would be worth \$8 more per acre, or 8 per cent on \$100. As the relative advantage is about the same for other crops, it is clear that a railroad passage through a town would add \$110 per acre to the value of their farms. A town ten miles square contains 64,000 acres. An increase of \$100 per acre is equal to \$6,400,000, or enough to build 200 miles of railroad, even if it cost \$32,000 per mile. But 200 miles of road would extend through twenty towns ten miles square, and cost but \$10 per acre, if taxed upon the land. These figures are given merely as an illustration. If the farmers had taxed themselves to build all the railroads in this country, and gave them away to any companies that would stock and run them, the present increased value of their lands would have well repaid the outlay.

What You may and may not Call a Man.

There is more or less of the animal about man; that nobody will deny. Plato's definition of a man was—"An animal without feathers, walking on two legs." This was too much for Diogenes, who caught a rooster, plucked it, took it to school, and solemnly asked "If that was Plato's man?" We don't know how Plato got out of it, and don't care, as this has little to do with the matter in hand. Though an animal, a man does not like to be called a beast; yet there are many known as "beasts" that accept this appellation as richly bestowed and properly belonging to them, though individually, in another sense, they would object to be called beasts. There are many who would like to be known as lions, and even tigers would be considered more complimentary than calf. Many a young fellow would like to be regarded as a buck, and you may call a man a dear fellow, but don't think of calling him a moose. To be called a duck of a man would please many an individual who would take it to heart if called a goose, independent of the misnomer. Call a man a puppy, and he'll resent it; but call him a sly dog and you'll rather please him. Don't call a man a hog, even if he is a bore, nor an elephant, if he happens to be a heavy weight; but you may call him a fox or a coon with impunity. A man doesn't like to be called a shark, but you may call him a queer fish without offence. Call a man a jackass and he'll talk back; but you may call him an old rat, and it is ten to one he'll ask you to take "suthin'." A man who wouldn't feel complimented at being called a cormorant, would smile at being called a night owl. Don't offend by calling a man a goliath; but you may call him a gray rooster without offence. Don't call a man a fool; call him a clever fellow, which amounts to the same thing, but sounds prettier. A man would be well pleased to know that you said he was as keen as a razor; but would object to your calling him a sharper. To call a man a stone would be considered as reflecting on his intellectual powers; but you may call him a brick to his great satisfaction.

How it Was.

Among the marvellous instances of what is called second sight, is one of an eminent German professor, who was returning to his room after dining with a friend, and as he drew near the house, was astonished to see a light burning in his room. Pausing to look, he presently saw himself come to the window, glance out between the curtains, draw from his fob the well-known old-fashioned watch, which the Professor had carried for many years, and dress in the most methodical and natural manner, put away some books and articles in their accustomed places, turn down the bedclothes and extinguish the light. The Professor in the street, having thus far watched the movements of the double who had thus taken possession of his room, decided to go elsewhere for the night, and so did not enter the house. In the morning, on entering his room with his pass-key, there was no trace of anybody's having been there, but the heavy ceiling over the bed had fallen and crushed it to atoms. What ever the apparition was, it had saved the Professor's life. The cause of phenomenon to which this belongs can neither be explained away nor accounted for. We know another which must be admitted as true. A mother, while sitting in her room, became suddenly impressed with a fear that her little son had fallen out of the window. At first she paid no regard to the thought; but upon its recurrence with renewed vividness, she hurried to the child's bed, in another room, and found him lying asleep across the window sill, with his head hanging out. There was apparently nothing to start the reflections in her mind. By what mysterious and subtle process did the fact of danger induce in her mind such an apparently random vision?

Self Help.

It cannot be too often repeated that, in a free country like ours, with equal laws, free industry, and a matured constitution, no Government can effect for a poor man one-tenth part of what he can do for himself, and that, if he is ever to raise in the scale of social comfort, it must be mainly through his own self-reliance, frugality, and forethought. There is no helping a man who will not help himself. If a person wishes to succeed, he must set his own shoulder to the wheel, and not waste his time in the vain and delusive hope that others will do for him what he ought to do for himself. No Government can make men religious, sober, self-denying and industrious; and without these virtues, how can any condition be happy or prosperous? And yet these may and ought to be the distinguishing virtues of every poor man; and without them high wages and political privileges are altogether valueless. We are deeply persuaded that there is a power of self-improvement and social elevation amongst the masses which is almost incalculable; it is, indeed, to a great extent unknown because it has not been wisely used or judiciously applied.—*The People's Magazine*.

Peculiar Fish.

"We have," says Sir Charles Bell, "a curious instance of the precision of the eye and of the adaptation of muscular action, in the beaked chameleon, a fish which inhabits the Indian rivers, and lives on the smaller aquatic flies. When it observes one alighted upon a twig, or flying over (for it can shoot them on the wing), it darts a drop of water with so steady an aim as to bring the fly down into the water, when it falls an easy prey. It will hit a fly at the distance of from three to six feet. Another fish of the same order, the saw, has the power of forming its mouth into a tube, and squirting at five, or six to encounter their wings, and bring them to the surface of the water. In these instances a difficulty will readily occur to the reader. How does the fish judge of position, since the rays of light are refracted at the surface of the water? Does instinct enable it to do this, or is it by experience?" Now, Sir Charles Bell was one of the closest observers and the most trustworthy writers of his time, so that his authority is unquestionable.

VARIETIES.

Savory Matches—Early marriages.

Convey with some humour, tear with others, but serve none.

Take not the echo of your own voice as confirmation of what you may say.

Horns render to and trial beautiful, as the sunbeams give a sparkle to the winter's frost.

Happiness is a perfume that one cannot shed over another without a few drops falling on one's self.

Our possessions are wholly in our performances. He owns nothing to whom the world owes nothing.

Wreaths we grasp like flowers with top hot a hand they are sure to wither almost ere they reach our bosom.

The snake may teach the eminence as certainly as the eagle; but he reaches it by crawling, and he still remains a snake.

Keep your body sound; as wine favours of the cask it is kept in, the soul receives a tincture from the frame through which it works.

The impeachment of President Johnson is the subject of a drama which has been produced in New Orleans. An actor named Durivage has made a hit as Horace Greeley.

CHARITY is never lost. It may meet with ingratitude, or be of no service to those on whom it was bestowed, yet it ever does a work of beauty and grace upon the heart of the giver.

It lies in the power of every individual to improve himself, and make himself a man of worth, even if bad training and the society of bad men has hitherto dimmed the star of his destiny.

TACTIC being founded on a rock, you may boldly dig to see its foundations without fear of destroying the edifice; but falsehood being laid on the sand, if you examine its foundations you cause its fall.

FERRANDO Wood's suit against the city of New York, for \$18,000 a year rental for two buildings in Nassau street, has been decided in his favor. The *New York Times* has also recovered \$25,000 of the city for advertising.

A new method of cutting, or rather dividing, glass has been recently invented in France, and is practiced in the large establishment of the Glass Company of Baccarat. A jet of highly heated air is directed from a tube on the vase or other object to be cut, which, while made to revolve on its axis, is brought close to the nozzle of the tube. The object being then cooled suddenly the glass divides at the place operated on with extreme accuracy.

THIRTY AND NOW.—Dr. Franklin described the farmer's condition in 1776 as follows:—

Farmer at the plow,
Wife milking cow;
Daughters spinning yarn,
Sons threshing in the barn—
As happy as a charm.

Dr. J. C. V. Smith gives the account of 1868 as follows:—

The farmer goes to a show,
His daughters at the piano;
Maiden gaily dressed in satin,
All the boys are learning Latin,
With a mortgage on the farm!

The Philadelphia Morning Post says:—Dickens, while in this city was very anxious to purchase Mr. James Hamilton's painting entitled "What are the Wild Waves Saying?" But as this beautiful work, one of the artist's best, was already sold, Mr. Dickens requested that he might see the original sketch, with which he was so greatly pleased that he insisted upon buying it. Mr. Hamilton refused to sell the picture, but presented it to Mr. Dickens. The other day the artist received from Dickens an exquisite edition of his novels, accompanied by the following autograph: "Glad Hill Place, Higham by Rochester, Kent, Monday, 25th May, 1868, to Mr. James Hamilton, this set of my books with thanks and regard. Charles Dickens."

ADVANTAGES OF FEMALE CONVERSATION.—Talk to women as much as you can. This is the best school. This is the way to gain fluency, because you need not care what you say, and had better not be sensible. They, too, will rally you on many points, and, as they are women, you will not be offended. Nothing is of such importance and so much use, to a young man entering life, as to be well criticised by women. It is impossible to get rid of those thousand bad habits which we pick up in boyhood without this supervision. Unfortunately you may have no sisters. But never be offended if a woman rally you. Encourage her. Otherwise you will never be free from your awkwardness, or any little oddities, and certainly never learn to dress.

"MANY A SLIP 'TWEEN THE CUP AND THE LIP."—This well-known saying was supposed to take its origin from one of Penelope's wooers being shot as he was going to drink. But it arose, as an old author has it, thus: A king of Thrace had planted a vineyard, when one of his slaves, whom he had much oppressed in that very work, prophesied that he (the king) should never taste the wine produced by it. The king disregarded his prophecy, and when, at an entertainment, he held the cup full of his own wine, he sent for this slave, and asked him, insultingly, what he thought of his prophecy now? The slave only answered, "There's many a slip 'tween the cup and the lip." Scarcely had he spoken when news was brought that a large bear was laying the vineyard waste. The king arose in a fury, attacked the bear, and was killed without ever tasting the wine!

CUNNING WOMEN.—Wonder why mamma keeps Bridget at home from church to work all day, and then says it is wicked for me to build my rabbit-house on Sunday. Wonder why our minister bought that pretty cane with the lion's head on the top, and then asks me for my cents to put in the missionary box? Don't I want a jews'arp just as well as he wants a cane? Wonder what makes papa tell such nice stories to visitors about his hiding the master's rattle when he went to school, and about his running away from the school-mistress, when she was going to whip him, and then tell me up all day once because I tried to be as smart as he was? Wonder what made papa say that wicked word when Betty upset the ink all over his papers, and then slapped my ears because I said the same thing when my kite string broke? Wonder why mamma told Bridget the other day to say she was not at home when Tommy Day's mother called, and then puts me to bed without any supper every time I tell a lie.

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Albums in Great Variety;

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in variety;

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SUNDAY AT HOME, YOUNG LADIES' JOURNAL,

SUNDAY MAGAZINE, ENGLISH MONTHLY,

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December 27, 1867.

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MILLINERY! MANTLES!

AND DRESS-MAKING.

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Ever offered in North York. Among the stock will be found

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We would call the particular attention of Builders to our Stock of House Trimmings, which is very large and well selected.

Cutlery. Dinner and Desert Knives and Forks, Curving and Butcher Knives, Scissors and Razors. A large stock of Pocket Knives.

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Castors of all kinds, Escutcheons, Plated and Brass Liftings, Handles, Plated and Brass Butts—A general assortment of

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You will find it greatly to your advantage to call and see this stock before purchasing.

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WATCHMAKER,

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Dec. 1867.

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